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The Current State of National and International Standards for the Software Engineering of Mission Critical Systems



Mission Critical Systems Defined



- Can and must be trusted to work dependably to meet some mission critical requirement
- Failure to do so may have catastrophic results, such as serious injury, loss of life or property, mission failure, or breach of security
- Examples include:
 - weapons systems
 - avionics systems
 - command and control systems
 - intelligence systems
 - communications systems

[Source: NIST92]



Prerequisites for the Software Engineering of Mission Critical Systems



- Software engineering practices can either contribute to or detract from the integrity of a system
- To build high integrity software for mission critical systems, developers, assurers, and customers need an appropriately defined **body of knowledge**
 - for many engineering disciplines, such a body of knowledge may be found in handbooks and rigorous standards
 - such standards should give guidance on engineering practices that contribute to high integrity

[Source: NIST92]



Discipline Through Process Standardization



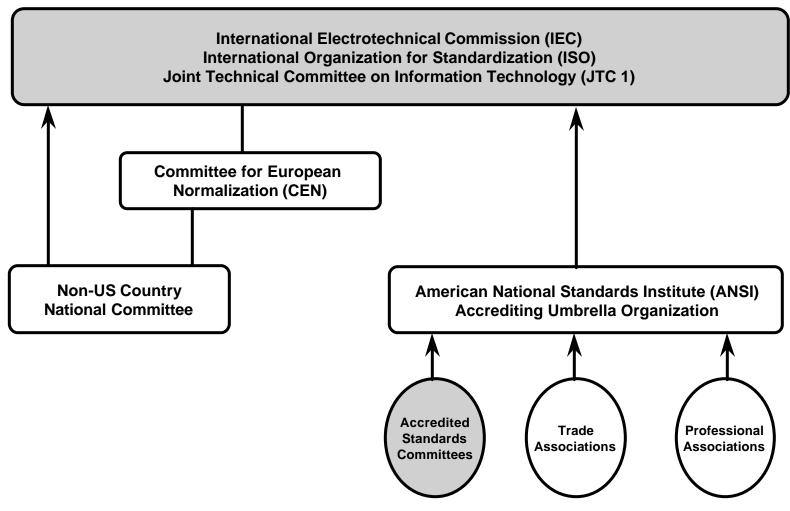
- Software engineering process standards, are consensus-based standards that codify acceptable common practice
- This Code of Practice
 - consolidates existing technology into a firm basis for introducing newer technology
 - increases professional discipline
 - protects the business
 - protects the buyer
 - improves the product

[Source: Moore97]



Context for Software Engineering Standards







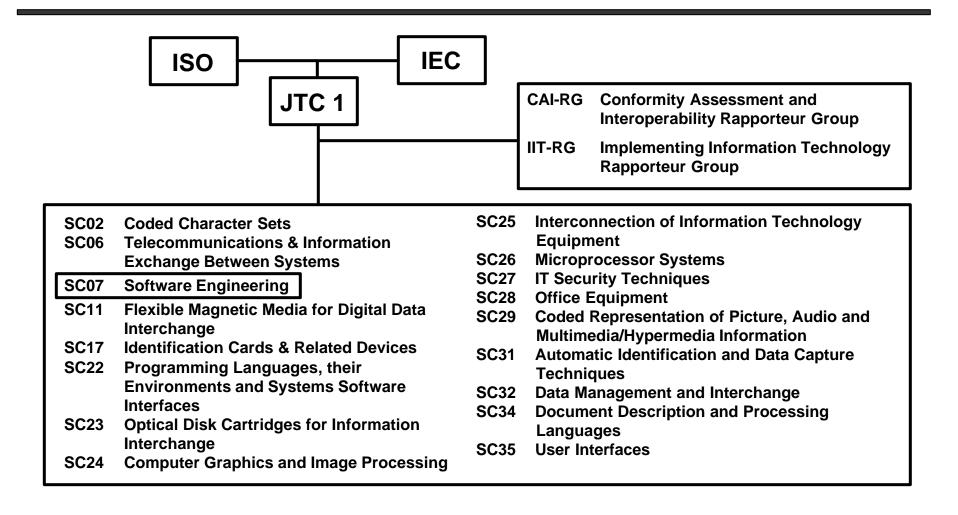


ISO/IEC JTC1/SC7: Software Engineering

http://saturne.info.uqam.ca/Labo_Recherche/Lrgl/sc7/

CSC ISO/IEC JTC1 Organization







ISO/IEC JTC1/SC7 Working Groups



- WG2: System software documentation
- WG4: Tools and environment
- WG6: Evaluation & metrics
- WG7: Life cycle management
- WG9: System & SW integrity
- WG10: Process assessment
- WG11: Software data definition and representation

- WG12: Functional size measurement
- WG13: Software measurement process
- SWG1: Planning
- SWG2: Vocabulary
- SWG3: Process Architecture
- Ad Hoc: Quality Mgmt
- Study Group: Risk Mgmt
- Study Group: Dependability and Reliability
- Study Group: SE Practices
- = Mission Critical Systems Related



Current SC7 Standards



- ISO/IEC 9126:1991, Product quality characteristics
- ISO 9127:1988, User documentation and cover information for consumer software packages
- ISO/IEC TR 9294:1990, Management of software documentation
- ISO/IEC 11411:1995, Representation of state transition diagrams
- ISO/IEC 12119:1994, Software packages: Quality requirements and testing
- ISO/IEC TR 12182:1998, Categorization of software
- ISO/IEC 12207:1995, Software life cycle processes
- ISO/IEC 14102:1995, Evaluation and selection of CASE tools
- ISO/IEC 14143-1:1998, Functional size measurement
- ISO/IEC TR 14471:1999 Information technology -- Software engineering -- Guidelines for the adoption of CASE tools

■ = Mission Critical Systems Related

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Current SC7 Standards - 2



- ISO/IEC 14568:1997, Diagram exchange language for tree charts
- ISO/IEC 14598:xxxx, Software product evaluation (3 of 6 parts)
- ISO/IEC 14756:1999, Measurement and rating of performance
- ISO/IEC TR 14759:1999, Mockup and prototype
- ISO/IEC 14764:1999, Software maintenance
- ISO/IEC 15026:1998, System and software integrity levels
- ISO/IEC TR 15271:1998, Guide for ISO/IEC 12207
- ISO/IEC TR 15504:1998, Software process assessment (9 parts)
- ISO/IEC TR 15846:1998, SWLC processes Configuration management
- ISO/IEC 15910:1999, Software user documentation process
- Draft ISO/IEC 15939, Software Measurement Process
- ISO/IEC TR 16326:1999, Software project management
- = Mission Critical Systems Related





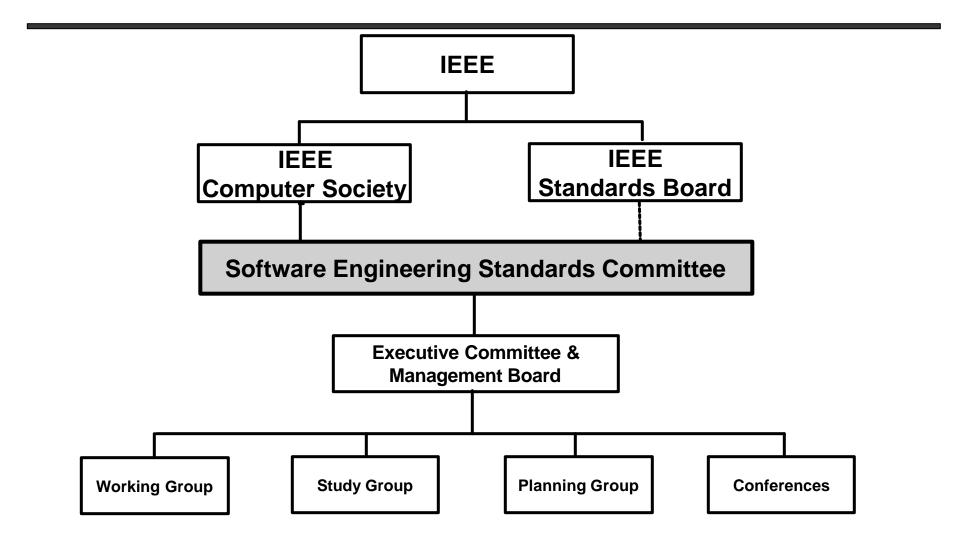
The IEEE Software Engineering Standards Committee (SESC)

http://computer.org/standard/sesc/



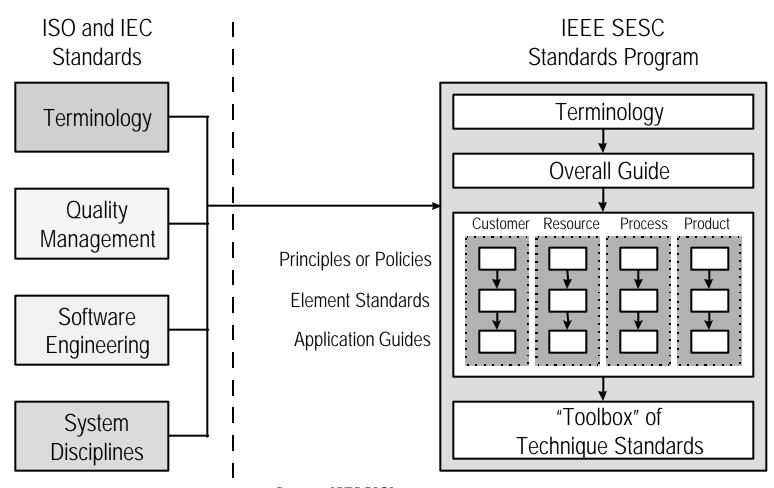
SESC in the IEEE Structure





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Source: [SESC95]





The IEEE Software Engineering Standards Collection

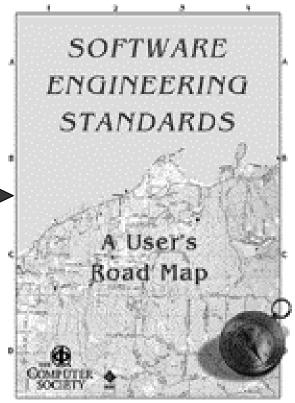
http://standards.ieee.org/catalog/softwareset.html



The 2000 Software Engineering Standards Collection



- Forty-six Standards
 - Customer & Terminology
 - Process
 - Product
 - Resource & Technique
- Overall guide
 - Several "views"
 - Context
 - Object
 - Normative intent
 - Provider and subject
 - Relationships among standards



James W. Moore

Source: [Moore97]



IEEE/EIA 12207: The Life Cycle Process Framework

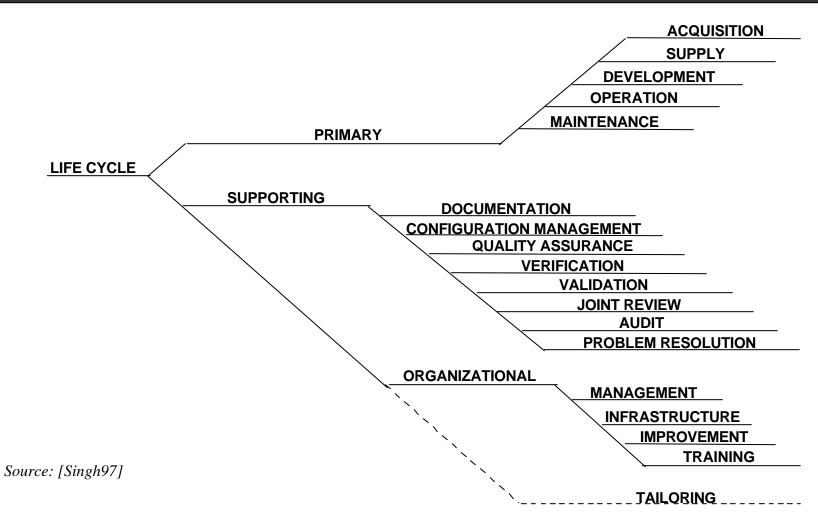


- IEEE/EIA 12207, Standard for Information
 Technology Software Life Cycle Processes
 - Addresses the complete software engineering life cycle, from acquisition and supply, through development, to operations and maintenance
 - Provides a process framework upon which an organization can build its enterprise-level life cycle processes
 - These enterprise-level processes are then tailored into projects, in order to meet specific project-level requirements.



IEEE/EIA 12207 Process Tree







Supporting Standards for Mission Critical Software



- IEEE/EIA 12207 relies upon other standards to fill in the details regarding the activities supporting life cycle processes.
- In the case of mission critical software, several additional software engineering standards are of interest.

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Customer and Terminology



- 610.12, Standard Glossary of Software Engineering Terminology
- 1062, Recommended Practice for Software Acquisition
- 1220, Standard for Application and Management of the Systems Engineering Process
- 1228, Standard for Software Safety Plans
- 1233, Guide for Developing System Requirements Specifications
- 1362, Guide for Concept of Operations Document
- 12207, Software Life Cycle Processes
- 12207.1, Guide to Software Life Cycle Processes—Life Cycle Data
- 12207.2, Guide to Software Life Cycle Processes—Implementation Considerations
- = Mission Critical Systems Related



Process



- 730, Standard for Software Quality Assurance Plans
- 730.1, Guide for Software Quality Assurance Planning
- 828, Standard for Software Configuration Management Plans
- 1008, Standard for Software Unit Testing
- 1012, Standard for Software Verification and Validation
- 1012a, Software Verification and Validation Content Map to IEEE/EIA 12207.1
- 1028, Standard for Software Reviews
- 1042, Guide to Software Configuration Management
- 1045, Standard for Software Productivity Metrics
- 1058, Standard for Software Project Management Plans
- 1059, Guide for Software Verification and Validation Plans
- 1074, Standard for Developing Software Life Cycle Processes
- 1219, Standard for Software Maintenance
- 1490, A Guide to the Program Management Body of Knowledge
 - = Mission Critical Systems Related



Process - 2



- J-STD-016-1995, (EIA/IEEE) Interim Standard for Information Technology - Software Life Cycle Processes - Software Development - Acquirer-Supplier Agreement
- 1517-1999, Standard for Information Technology Software Life Cycle Processes Reuse Processes
- P1540, D7.0, Draft Standard for Software Life Cycle Processes - Risk Management



Product



- 982.1, Standard Dictionary of Measures to Produce Reliable Software
- 982.2, Guide for the Use of Standard Dictionary of Measures to Produce Reliable Software
- 1061, Standard for a Software Quality Metrics Methodology
- 1063, Standard for Software User Documentation
- 1465, IEEE Standard Adoption of ISO/IEC 12119: 1994 (E) International Standard--Information Technology Software Packages Quality Requirements and Testing
- 14143.1, Approved Draft Standard Adoption of ISO/IEC 1443-1:1998 Information Technology Software Measurement Functional Size Measurement Part 1: Definition of Concepts

■ = Mission Critical Systems Related

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Resource and Technique



- 829, Standard for Software Test Documentation
- 830, Recommended Practice for Software Requirements Specifications
- 1016, Recommended Practice for Software Design Descriptions
- 1044, Standard Classification for Software Anomalies
- 1044.1, Guide to Classification for Software Anomalies
- 1320.1, Syntax and Semantics for IDEF0
- 1320.2, Syntax and Semantics for IDEF1X97 (IDEFObject)
- 1348, Recommended Practice for the Adoption of CASE Tool
- 1420.1, Software Reuse—Data Model for Reuse Library Interoperability: Basic Interoperability Data Model
- 1420.1a, Software Reuse—Data Model for Reuse Library Interoperability: Asset Certification Framework
- 1420.1b-1999, Trial Use Supplement Software Reuse—Data Model for Reuse Library Interoperability: Data Model for Reuse Library Interoperability: Intellectual Property Rights Framework

Resource and Technique - 2



- 1430, Guide for Software Reuse Concept of Operations for Interoperating Reuse Libraries
- 1462, Guide for the Evaluation and Selection of CASE Tools
- P1471, Recommended Practice For Architectural Description of Software Intensive Systems



How You Can Participate

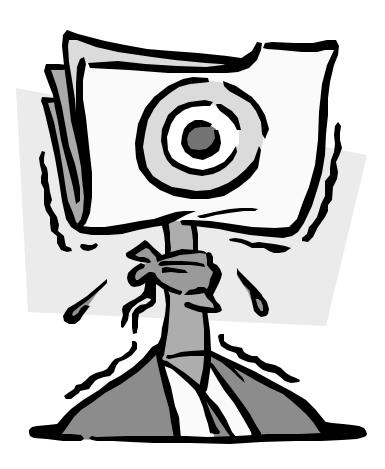


- Join the IEEE Computer Society (at http://www.computer.org)
- Join the IEEE Software Engineering Standards Committee (at http://www.tcse.org)
 - Lead or participate in Working Groups developing or revising Standards
 - Lead or participate in Study Groups investigating new areas for standardization
 - Participate in SESC special projects
 - Become part of the SESC balloting pool (IEEE Standards Association membership required)



Questions







For more information . . .



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References



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- [NIST92] NIST Special Publication 500-204, "High Integrity Software Standards and Guidelines," U.S. Dept. of Commerce, National Institutes of Standards and Technology, September 1992.
- [SESC95] SESC Business Planning Group, "Vision 2000 Strategy Statement (Final Draft)," v0.9, SESC/BPG-002, August 20, 1995.
- [Singh97] Raghu Singh, An Introduction to International Standards ISO/IEC 12207, Software Life Cycle Processes, 1997.